

## Problem F. Fancy Formulas

Input file: *standard input*  
Output file: *standard output*  
Time limit: 2 seconds  
Memory limit: 512 mebibytes

You are given a prime  $p$  and a pair of integers  $(a, b)$  such that **their sum is not divisible by  $p$** . In one operation, you can do one of the following:

- Replace  $(a, b)$  with  $(2a \bmod p, (b + p - a) \bmod p)$
- Replace  $(a, b)$  with  $((a + p - b) \bmod p, 2b \bmod p)$

You have to answer  $q$  queries. In the  $i$ -th query, find the smallest number of operations needed to transform the pair  $(a_i, b_i)$  into the pair  $(c_i, d_i)$ , or determine that it is impossible.

Note that the order of numbers matters. For example, for  $p = 3$ , the distance between  $(1, 2)$  and  $(2, 1)$  is 1, not 0.

### Input

The first line contains two integers  $p$  and  $q$  ( $2 \leq p \leq 10^9 + 7$ ,  $p$  is prime,  $1 \leq q \leq 10^5$ ): the prime and the number of queries to answer.

The  $i$ -th of the next  $q$  lines contains four integers  $a_i, b_i, c_i, d_i$  ( $0 \leq a_i, b_i, c_i, d_i < p$ , and  $a_i + b_i$  is **not divisible by  $p$** ).

### Output

For each query, if it is impossible to transform  $(a_i, b_i)$  into  $(c_i, d_i)$ , output  $-1$ . Otherwise, output the smallest number of operations required to achieve this goal.

### Example

standard input	standard output
5 10	2
2 1 3 0	1
2 1 4 4	2
1 3 4 0	-1
0 2 0 4	-1
3 3 1 2	0
0 1 0 1	0
0 3 0 3	0
0 1 0 1	1
1 2 4 4	-1
1 0 1 1	