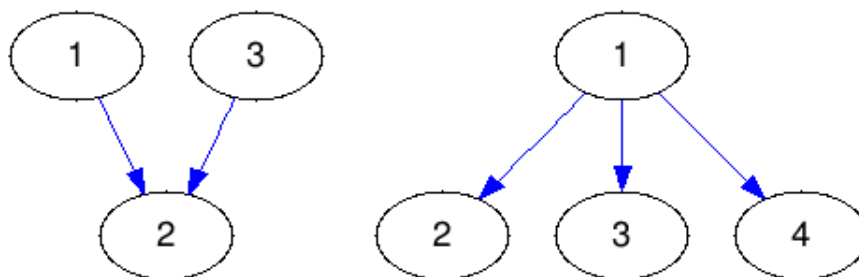


Scientists in a chemical lab in Croatia have been studying the chemical bonds between different molecules. They have a special interest in a group of molecules of the chemical compound nitro hydrogen laminate.

The compound consists of  $N$  molecules bound together by  $N - 1$  covalent bonds and all the molecules are directly or indirectly **tied together** with bonds in a single structure.

The scientists want to modify the compound in a way that all the covalent bonds are transformed into **directed** covalent bonds. Because of the instability of the newly created compound, each molecule will have a large number of impulses coming out of it and travelling to other molecules using the **directed** bonds. An impulse can travel using the directed covalent bond only in the direction of the bond itself.



The instability of the compound is defined as the **largest** possible number of bonds a **single** impulse can use to travel. The scientists want to direct the compound's covalent bonds in a way that the newly created compound is as stable as possible. In other words, their goal is to create a compound with the **minimal longest path** an impulse can take during its travel.

Help the scientists determine the direction of each covalent bond in the compound.

#### INPUT

The first line of input contains the integer  $N$  ( $2 \leq N \leq 100\,000$ ).

Each of the  $N - 1$  lines contains the integers  $a_i$  and  $b_i$  ( $1 \leq a_i, b_i \leq N$ ) that denote that molecules  $a_i$  and  $b_i$  are connected with a covalent bond.

#### OUTPUT

Output  $N - 1$  lines, where each line must contain 1 if the covalent bond is going to be directed from  $a_i$  to  $b_i$ , otherwise it contains 0.

If there are multiple possible solutions, output any.

#### SCORING

In test cases worth at least 30% of total points, it will hold  $N \leq 20$ .

SAMPLE TESTS

<b>ulaz</b> 3 1 2 2 3	<b>ulaz</b> 4 2 1 1 3 4 1
<b>izlaz</b> 1 0	<b>izlaz</b> 0 1 0

**Clarification of the first sample:** The example corresponds to the left image from the task. The longest path an impulse can take is 1. Notice that 0 1 is also a correct solution.

**Clarification of the second sample:** The example corresponds to the right image from the task.